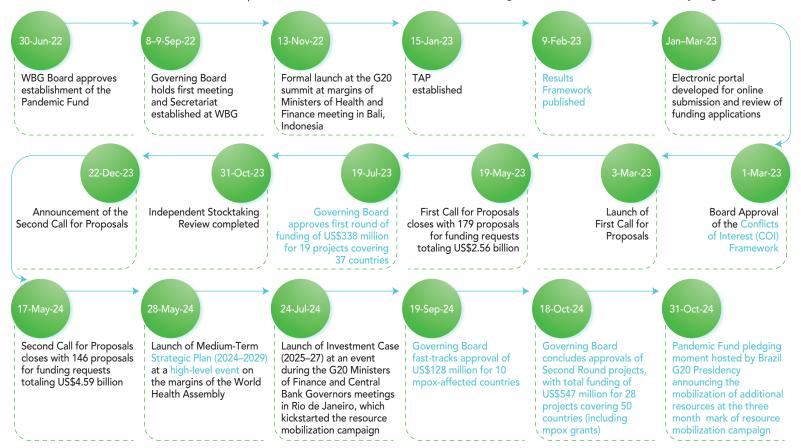


The Pandemic Fund

At-a-Glance

- Launched in November 2022 with strong support from the G20 and beyond, the Pandemic Fund is the first multilateral financing mechanism dedicated to helping low- and middle-income countries become better prepared for future pandemics. Hosted by the World Bank Group, the Pandemic Fund raised US\$2 billion in seed capital **from 27 sovereign and philanthropic contributors** and has launched a **resource mobilization campaign** seeking another US\$2 billion in contributions for its investment case over the next two years.
- Grants from the Pandemic Fund catalyze co-financing from governments and technical expertise from an array of accredited Implementing Entities. The Pandemic Fund's Governing Board includes equal representation of sovereign contributors and co-investor countries, as well as representatives from foundations/non-sovereign contributors and civil society organizations.



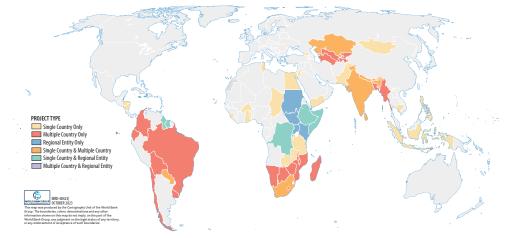
Key Milestones 2022–2024

- The Pandemic Fund has awarded, through its two funding rounds, grants totaling US\$885 million, mobilizing an additional US\$6 billion in resources for pandemic prevention, preparedness and response (PPR) investments for 75 countries across six geographical regions. Fortyseven projects have received funding to date.
- On average, 43 percent of the US\$885 million allocated is for countries in Sub-Saharan Africa—the region with the highest demand for Pandemic Fund grants. In the second round, over 50 percent of the funds awarded went to Sub-Saharan Africa.
- As part of the second round of funding, US\$129 million was allocated on a fast-track basis on September 19, 2024 for 10 mpox-affected countries (through five projects): the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC), Burundi, Rwanda, Uganda, Kenya, Sudan, Djibouti, Ethiopia, Somalia, and South Sudan.
- The Pandemic Fund continues to leverage its catalytic financing structure, using its grants to galvanize additional investments for pandemic PPR from countries' own domestic resources, and through co-financing from multilateral development banks, global health initiatives, United Nations and other development partners, the private sector, and philanthropies.

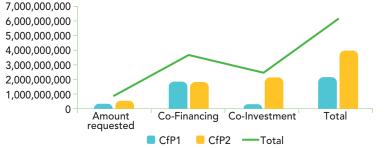
	Application Countries	Funding Requested	Proposals Selected	Recipient Countries	Approved Funding	Leverage Ratio
1st Round	179	US\$2.56B	19	37	US\$338M	6.4
2nd Round	146	US\$4.59B	28	50	US\$547M	7.3

The Pandemic Fund's Global Reach

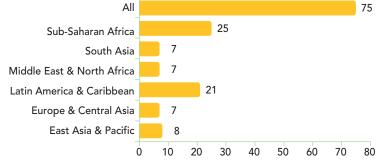
THE PANDEMIC FUND FIRST AND SECOND ROUND PROJECTS



Summary of Additional Resources Mobilized in US\$



47 covering 75 countries across all six World Bank regions



Selected Project Highlight

Prioritizing Zoonotic Diseases in Field Epidemiology Training in Bhutan

Bhutan's growing demand for livestock products has led to greater movement of animals and animal products within and across its borders. This traffic, combined with Bhutan's rich biodiversity, risks the spillover of novel pathogens from the wild, including anthrax, rabies, and avian influenza. officials from the Ministry of Health, Food and Drug Authority, animal health sector, and Bhutan's medical university have completed a joint field epidemiology training program (FETP) that will enable them to train other trainers. An additional mentorship program will introduce basic FETP training nationwide, developing modules in collaboration with universities.

The country's efforts to strengthen pandemic PPR, supported by US\$4.95 million from the Pandemic

supported by US\$4.95 million from the Pandemic Fund, will include prioritization and risk assessment across government of diseases that can spread from animals to people. As a start, the Bhutan One Health Secretariat staged a workshop that brought together departments of health, agriculture and livestock, environment, and wildlife to jointly identify the top 10 priority zoonotic diseases in the country, supported by Implementing Entities FAO and WHQ. In another coordinated effort, nine

